

Croft's Way to Make a 100/A
Human Body Test

1. The main sources of energy in foods are carbohydrates.
2. The nutrient that builds strong muscles is protein.
3. Any place where 2 or more bones meet is called a joint.
4. The physical breakdown of food, such as chewing is called mechanical digestion.
5. Fats are nutrients that help store minerals and form a cushioning tissue.
6. The process of digestion begins in your mouth.
7. Muscles that we cannot control are called involuntary muscles.
8. Food that leaves your stomach in the form of a thin fluid called chyme.
9. The major job of the large intestine is to absorb water from undigested food.
10. The organ that produces bile is called liver.
11. The 2 upper chambers of the heart is called the atria.
12. Blood vessels that move toward the heart are called veins.
13. Blood vessels that move away from the heart are called arteries.
14. Systematic circulation moves blood to all tissues except the lungs and heart.
15. The smooth, flexible layer of tissue covering the ends of bone is cartilage.
16. Blood in veins is low in oxygen.
17. In pulmonary circulation, bloods flows through the lungs and heart.
18. Another name for high blood pressure is hypertension.
19. Plasma, the liquid part of blood, is mostly made of water.
20. A structure in which vocal cords are attached is called the larynx.
21. Muscles beneath the lungs that helps air move in and out is the diaphragm.
22. When you breathe, your lungs take in oxygen and release carbon dioxide.
23. A disorder of the lungs called asthma is often an allergic reaction.
24. The main excretory organs in your body are the kidneys, lungs, and skin.
25. The organs of your urinary system are the excretory organs.
26. Sensory neurons send impulses to the brain.
27. The central nervous system consists of the brain and spinal cord.
28. The peripheral nervous system is made up of nerves that connect the brain and spinal cord to other parts of the body.
29. An involuntary, automatic response to a stimulus by the brain is called a reflex.
30. The largest part of the brain is divided into 2 sections is the cerebrum.
31. The spinal cord is attached to the brainstem.
32. The esophagus is part of the digestive system.
33. The large intestine is part of the digestive system.
34. The pancreas is part of the digestive system.
35. The gall bladder is part of the digestive system.
36. The heart is part of the circulatory system.
37. The capillaries are part of the circulatory system.
38. The aorta is part of the circulatory system.
39. The lungs are part of the respiratory system.
40. The larynx is part of the respiratory system.
41. The bladder is part of the urinary system.
42. The brain is part of the nervous system.
43. The spinal cord is part of the nervous system.
44. Neurons are part of the nervous system.
45. Be able to label the following parts on a diagram: esophagus, liver, stomach, large intestine, small intestine, and rectum. *Book p. 525*